

TRANSATLANTIC PETROLEUM LTD.
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES
OF THE
BOARD OF DIRECTORS

GENERAL

The Board of Directors (the “Board”) of TransAtlantic Petroleum Ltd. (the “Company”) considers good corporate governance to be essential to the fiduciary obligations of the directors to the Company’s shareholders and integral to the ongoing good management and development of the Company. The Board has developed these Corporate Governance Guidelines which are set forth below.

1. COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Board size will be within the Company’s Bye-Laws, which currently provide that the Board may have no fewer than three and no more than nine members. The Board believes that between five and nine directors is an appropriate number of directors to effectively manage the Company’s affairs. The Board shall evaluate the size of the Board annually. The directors are elected annually at the Company’s annual general meeting of shareholders and must meet the requirements of each stock exchange on which the Company’s shares are listed and the requirements of the applicable securities laws and regulations and Bermuda corporate law.

A majority of the Board will consist of directors whom the Board has determined to be independent. The Board will determine independence on the basis of the standards specified in the NYSE MKT Company Guide and National Instrument 52-110 of the Canadian Securities Regulators, the standards set forth in the Company’s Related Party Transactions Policy and other facts or circumstances that the Board considers relevant.

The Board will periodically appoint a Chair. Both independent and management directors, including the Chief Executive Officer (the “CEO”), are eligible for appointment as the Chair. At this time, the Board believes it is appropriate and efficient for the Company’s CEO also to serve as Chair of the Board. However, the Board retains the authority to separate those functions if it deems such action appropriate in the future.

2. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors meets on a quarterly basis and in person at least two times per year. The Board also holds additional unscheduled meetings from time to time as business needs require.

The independent directors of the Board meet, without members of management, at each regularly scheduled board meeting that is held in person.

3. MANDATE

The mandate of the Board is to supervise the management of the Company and to act in the best interests of the Company. The Board acts in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981; the Company’s Certificate of Continuance, Memorandum of Continuance and Bye-Laws; the Company’s Code of Conduct and the charters of the Board’s committees and other applicable laws and policies. The

Board approves all material decisions that affect the Company before they are implemented. As part of its overall responsibility for the stewardship of the Company, the Board assumes responsibility for the following:

a. *Stewardship*

The Board sets and supervises standards of corporate governance that create a culture of integrity throughout the Company, and guides the operations of the Company and management in compliance with the Company's constating documents and Bermuda corporate law, securities legislation in each jurisdiction in which the Company is a reporting issuer, and other applicable laws. The Board also monitors compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct.

b. *Strategic Planning*

The Board is actively involved in the Company's strategic planning process. The Board discusses and reviews all materials relating to strategic planning with management. The Board is responsible for reviewing, approving and assessing the strategic plans for the Company. The Board also receives reports of management on a regular basis throughout the year on the current and proposed operations of the Company.

c. *Dealing with Risks*

The Board, as part of the strategic planning process, identifies and evaluates principal risks and considers how to monitor and manage the risks. The principal risks to the Company are identified in its public disclosures filed with securities commissions having jurisdiction over the Company. The Board assesses risks in conjunction with its review of Company opportunities and has instructed management to assist the Board in identifying risks and to promptly alert the Board when a risk has materialized. The Board may from time to time appoint management, Board members or advisors to assist in assessing different risks.

d. *Succession Planning*

The Board, through the Compensation Committee, identifies the key individuals of the Company and, in consultation with management, determines how best to plan for any succession of such individuals. Management is assigned the responsibility of training and advising any new persons of the Company's policies and practices. The CEO has primary responsibility for supervising and reviewing the performance of other senior management.

e. *Communication Policy*

The Board is responsible for adopting a Corporate Disclosure Policy that governs communication with shareholders and others and reflects the Company's commitment to timely, effective and accurate corporate disclosure in accordance with all applicable laws and with a view to enhancing the Company's relationship with its shareholders.

f. *Internal Control and Management Information Systems*

The effectiveness and integrity of the Company's internal control and management information systems contribute to the effectiveness of the Board and the Company. To maintain the effectiveness and integrity of the Company's financial controls, the Board, through the Audit Committee which

consists solely of independent directors, oversees management's implementation and monitoring of internal control and management information systems.

g. *Approach to Corporate Governance*

The Board has appointed a Corporate Governance Committee composed entirely of independent directors, and which has overall responsibility for developing the Company's approach to corporate governance including keeping informed of legal requirements and trends regarding corporate governance, monitoring and assessing the functioning of the Board and committees of the Board, and for developing, implementing, and monitoring good corporate governance practices. The Corporate Governance Committee is also responsible for identifying individuals qualified to become new board members and recommending to the Board the new director nominees.

Individual directors may engage an outside adviser at the expense of the Company in appropriate circumstances, subject to the approval of the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee.

h. *Feedback*

The Board is responsible for ensuring the Company has appropriate processes in place to effectively communicate with its shareholders. The Company's website facilitates feedback from shareholders by permitting requests for information and sending messages directly to the Company.

i. *Expectations and Responsibilities of Directors*

The Board is responsible for determining the committees of the Board that are required to effectively manage certain aspects of the Board's duties, and for ensuring that the committees have the requisite independence, competency and skill. The Board approves and annually reviews the charters of the committees, and conducts, with the assistance of the Corporate Governance Committee, annual reviews of the performance of the committees.

Directors are responsible for attending Board meetings as well as meetings of committees of which the director is a member. Directors are responsible for reviewing meeting materials in advance of the meeting.

4. POSITION DESCRIPTIONS

The Board has developed position descriptions for the Chair of the Board, the Chair of each Board Committee and the CEO.

The Board, together with the CEO, has developed a position description for the CEO, which includes a delineation of management's responsibilities, as well as the corporate objectives that the CEO is responsible for meeting. The Compensation Committee, however, is responsible for reviewing and approving those specific goals and objectives relevant to CEO compensation.

5. ORIENTATION AND CONTINUING EDUCATION

The Board takes measures to ensure that all new directors receive a comprehensive orientation regarding (i) the role of the Board, its committees and its directors, and (ii) the nature and operation of the issuer's business. Each new director is provided with a copy of the Corporate Governance Manual, which provides a comprehensive introduction to the Board, its committees and its directors.

The Board takes the following measures to provide continuing education for its directors in order that they maintain the skill and knowledge necessary for them to meet their obligations as directors:

- i. The Corporate Governance Manual is updated annually and a revised copy is given to each director.
- ii. Technical presentations at Board meetings, when applicable, focusing on either a particular property or a summary of various properties. The Q&A portions of these presentations are a valuable learning resource for the non-technical directors.

The Board ensures that proposed directors are able to devote sufficient time and energy to being a director. The Board provides continuing education opportunities for all the directors so that directors may maintain or enhance their skills and abilities as directors, as well as to ensure their knowledge and understanding of the Company's business remains current.

6. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS

The Board has adopted a written code of conduct (the "Code") that is applicable to directors, officer, employees and consultants of the Company. The Code sets standards designed to promote integrity and deter wrongdoing.

The Board will ensure that a copy is made available to any person or company upon request, without charge.

The Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the Code. Any waivers from the Code that are granted for the benefit of the Company's directors or executive officers will be granted by the Board only.

7. NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Board has appointed a Corporate Governance Committee composed entirely of independent directors. The Corporate Governance Committee has a written charter outlining its responsibilities, which include identifying individuals qualified to become new Board members and recommending to the Board the new director nominees for the next annual meeting of shareholders. New nominees must have a track record in general business management, special expertise in an area of strategic interest to the Company, the ability to devote the time required and a willingness to serve.

The Board adheres to the following process, with the input and advice of the Corporate Governance Committee, prior to nominating or appointing individuals as directors:

- a. The Board determines the appropriate size of the Board, with a view to facilitating effective decision-making. At the present time, the appropriate size is considered to be between five and nine members.
- b. The Board considers what competencies and skills the Board as a whole should possess. In doing so, the Board also considers the needs of each committee.
- c. The Board assesses what competencies and skills each existing director possesses.

8. COMPENSATION

The Board has appointed a Compensation Committee composed entirely of independent directors.

The Compensation Committee has a written charter outlining its responsibilities, which include reviewing and approving the CEO's compensation; evaluating the CEO's performance, making recommendations to the Board with respect to executive officer and director compensation, incentive-compensation plans and equity-based plans; and reviewing executive compensation disclosure in advance of the disclosure becoming public.

The Compensation Committee has the responsibility for determining the vesting period applicable to equity-based awards.

The Compensation Committee reviews the compensation for directors and officers of other companies that it determines to be equivalent to the Company in respect of size of market capitalization, stage of development of that company, number and stage of development of that company's exploration properties, and any other factors that the Compensation Committee deems relevant.

9. REGULAR BOARD ASSESSMENTS

The Board assesses, on an annual basis and in consultation with the Corporate Governance Committee, the required competency and skills required by the Board and its committees.

The Board, its committees and each individual director will be assessed on an annual basis regarding his, her or its effectiveness and contribution. The Corporate Governance Committee evaluates the performance of the Board and the Chair and the directors.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Approved by the Board of Directors of the Company as of December 10, 2013.